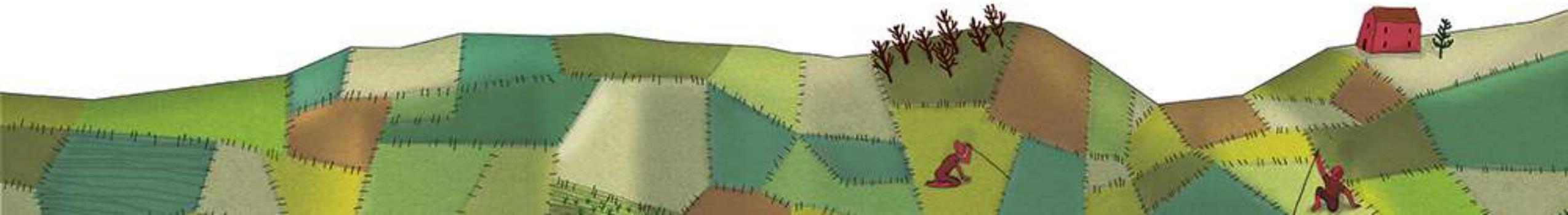


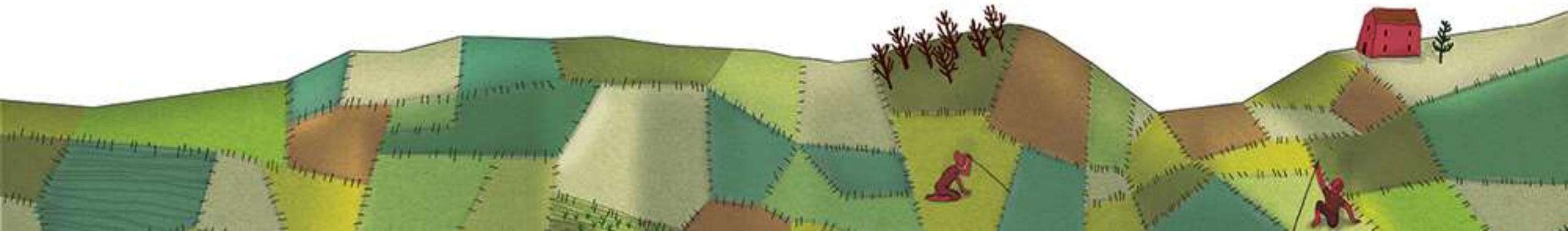
# Expert meeting on Statistics on Gender and Environment

2- 4 September 2019  
Bangkok, Thailand



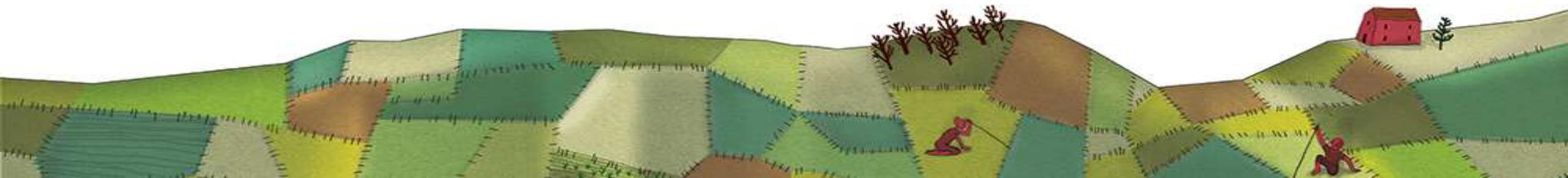
# Overview

1. Integrating Gender into the national legal and policy framework
2. Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs
3. Land tenure and Customary tenure system
4. Challenges



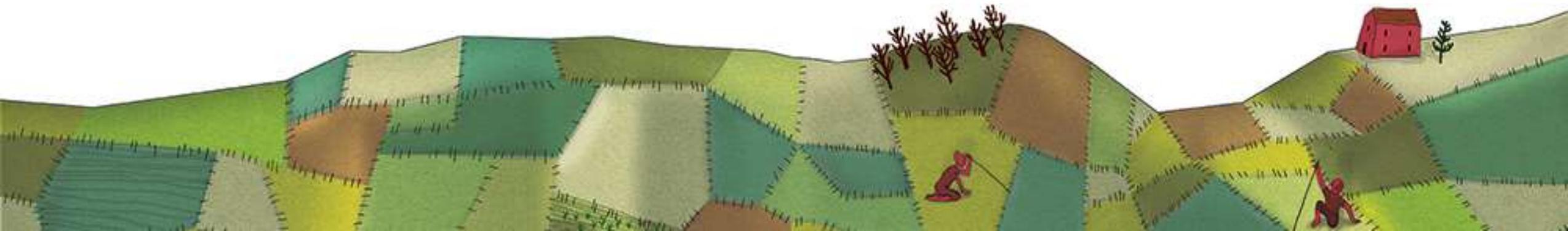
# Integrating Gender into the national legal and policy framework

- ✓ Lao Women's Union Law 2013
- ✓ Statistics Law
- ✓ National Strategy for Gender Equality 2016-2025 and National Action Plan for Gender Equality 2016-2020
- ✓ Strategy for Development of National Statistic System 2016-2025 and Vision to 2030
- ✓ Strategy 10 years 2016-2025 and 5 year plans for Natural Resources and Environment, Vision to 2030
- ✓ 5 year National Socio-Economic Development Plan
- ✓ Production and Action Plans for SDG Indicators



# Monitoring framework

- ✓ Monitoring and Evaluation Framework (Monitor 5 year National Socio-Economic Development Plan )
- ✓ SDGs annual report

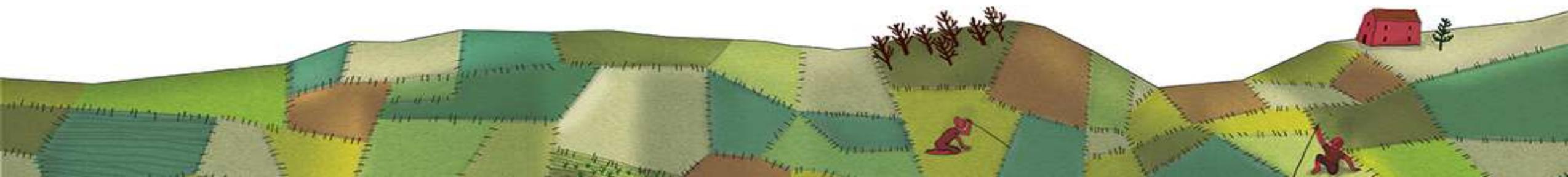


# Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs

❖ Main sources of statistics (censuses, surveys, administrative data)

1. Lao Statistics Bureau conduct sex-disaggregated data in Gender statistics as below:

- Agriculture Census (every 10 year)
- Population and Housing Census (every 10 year)
- Economic Census
- Lao Expenditure and Consumption Survey
- Labor Force Survey
- Local administrative Statistics (Annual)



## Lao Social Indicators Survey (LSIS) III, 2022

## Labor Force Survey III, 2022



LSIS II 2017, Provided 30 indicators to first VNR

LFS II 2017, Provided 15 indicators to first VNR



## Lao Expenditure and Consumption Survey (LECS) VI



### Survey Plan, 2018-2020

- Timeline and preparation : 2017
- Fieldwork: 2018
- Dissemination: 2019-2020

## Lao Agriculture Census (LAC) III, 2019



### Survey Plan 2018-2020

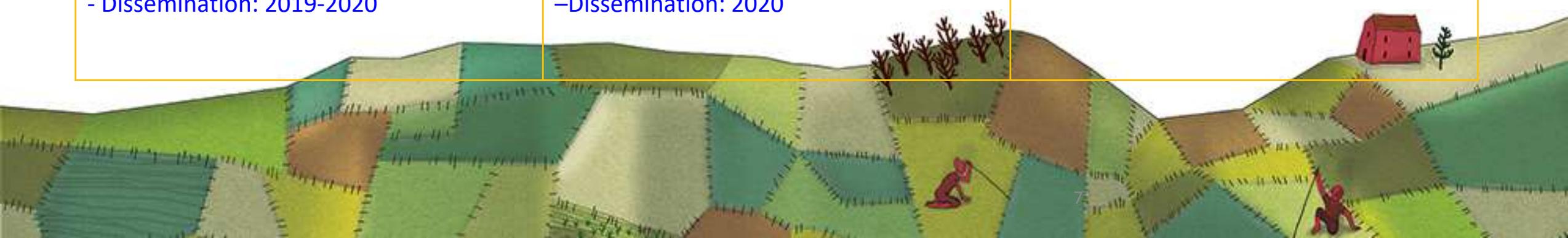
- Timeline and preparation 2018
- Fieldwork: 2019
- Dissemination: 2020

## Economic Census, III 2018



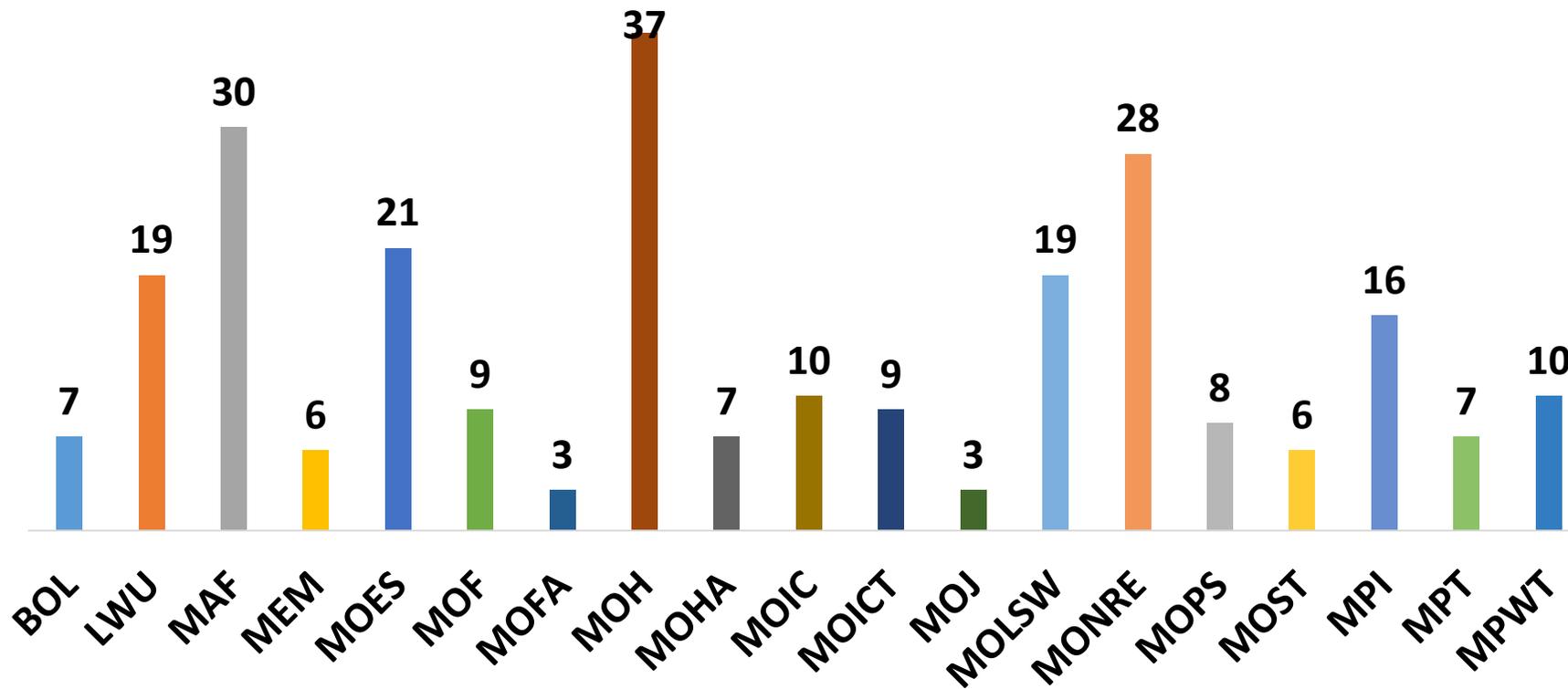
### Survey Plan 2018-2020

- Timeline and preparation 2018-2019
- Dissemination: 2019-2020

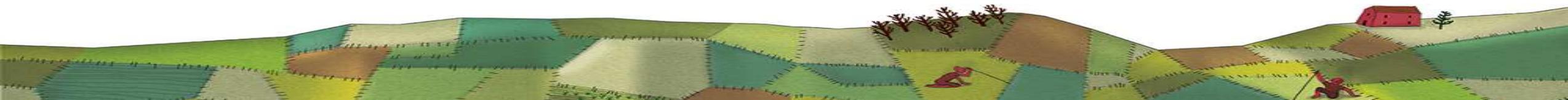


# SDG Indicators of Lao PDR

❖ Responsible ministry for SDGs and SDG indicators



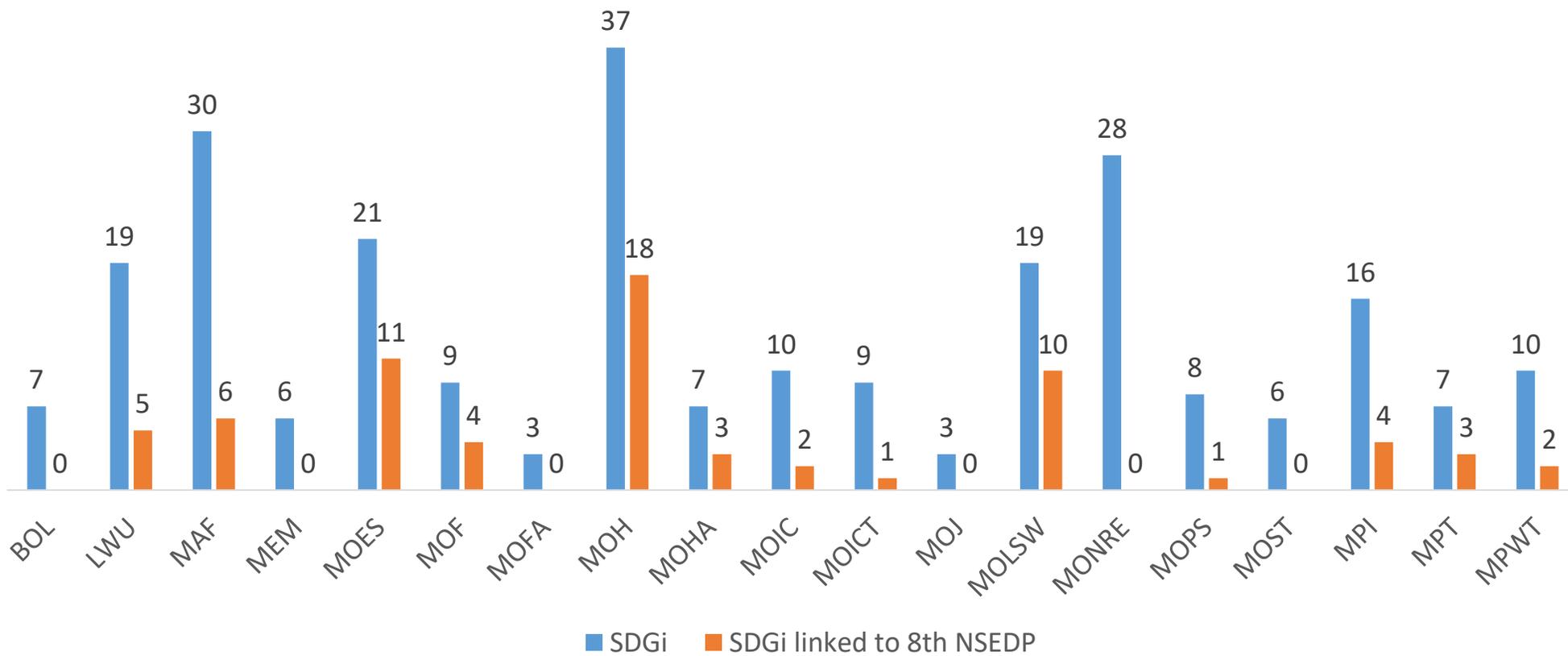
**Note:** The assignment of SDGi owners to different line ministries and equivalent is based on consultation with the line ministries and equivalent with their sectoral strategies and action plans.



# SDG Indicators of Lao PDR

## Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs

SDGi mainstreamed into 8th NSEDP



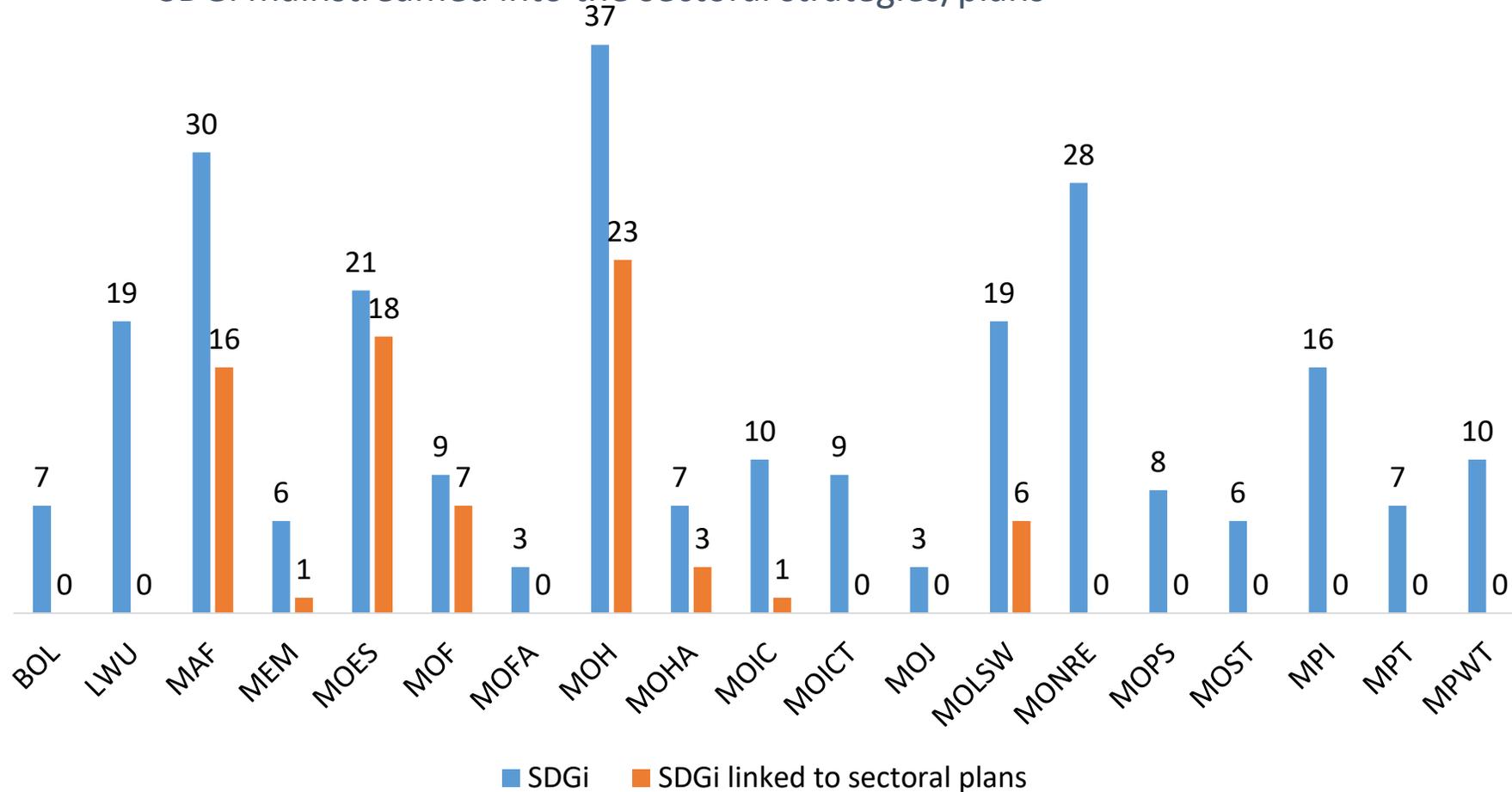
70 SDG indicators are linked in to the 8<sup>th</sup> NSEDP M&E Framework



# SDG Indicators of Lao PDR

## Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs continued

SDGi mainstreamed into the sectoral strategies/plans



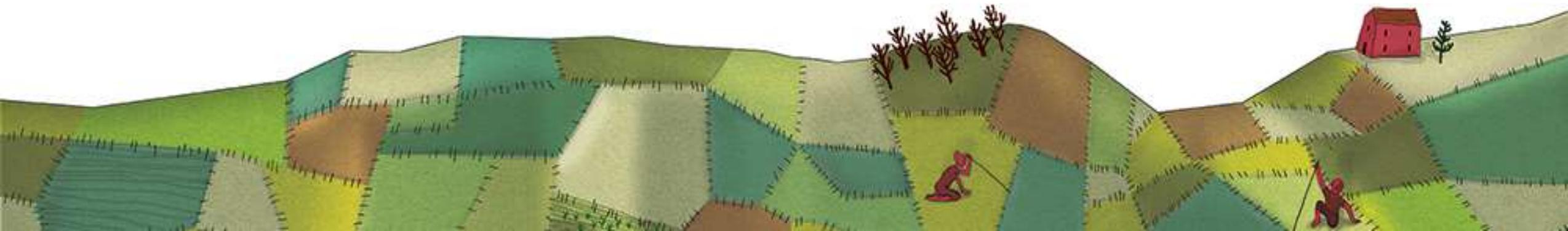
75 SDG indicators are mainstreamed into the respective sectoral strategies/plans

This is still at the preliminary analysis. More consultation with line ministries and equivalent is needed.

# Land tenure system

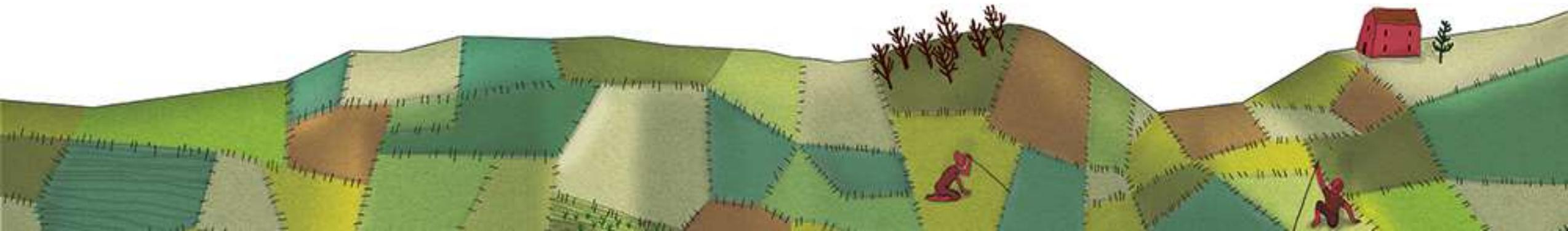
- Statutory systems (legally legitimize rights to land)
- Customary systems (socially legitimized rights to land)

(above should address: ownership; right to sell; inheritance laws and practices; right to bequeath; cultural attitudes. Please add additional slide if needed)



# Customary tenure systems

- Are there people (local communities, indigenous peoples, ethnic minorities, etc) accessing land and natural resources through customary tenure systems in your country?
- Are customary tenure systems (or indigenous peoples land rights) recognized by formal legislation (e.g. constitution, land law, etc)?



# Responsible Ministry Natural Resources and Environment for SDGs Implementation

Goal 1: No Poverty: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

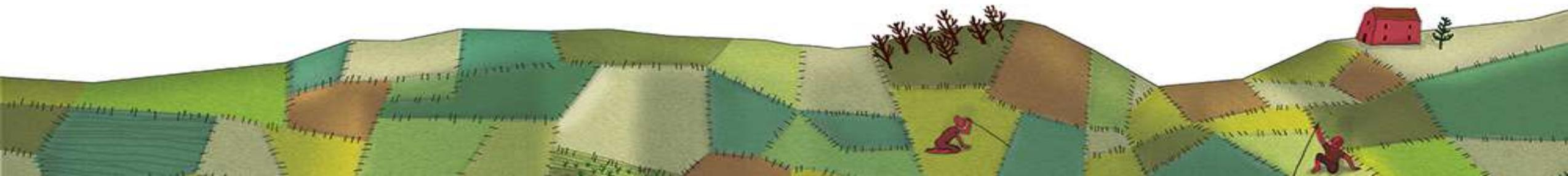
Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

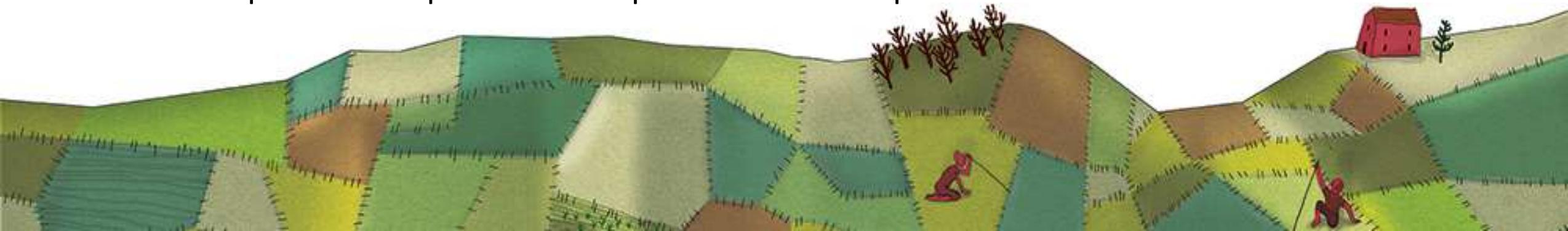
Goal 13: Climate Action: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

- Includes 5 Goals, 19 Targets and 28 Indicators



# Challenges for the realization of Gender

- In the part of NSO we tries to technical support for line ministries to understand how to intergrade gender into their National plan
- How to work closely and cooperate to each other
- How to identify data element for the indicators under their responsibilities
- Defining Data Production Plan:
  - Sources of Data, Practicality of big data/open data to fulfill the SDGs data requirement
  - Data disaggregation for SDGI
  - Development of implementation plan for SDGI compilation



# Activities 2019-2021

1. Reviewing, Assessment and Matching indicators: Global-Regional (ASEAN)-Local (National) (e.g., to add newly developed indicators we are ready to monitor)
2. Cross checking Metadata applied and Preparation of Metadata
3. Estimation of Baseline for indicators, and Time Series Analyzing (agreed starting from 2015)
4. Constructing the time series and Database Management for regularly and systematic monitoring and ensure of availability (consider the Tier 1)

Dataset with the target value SDGs

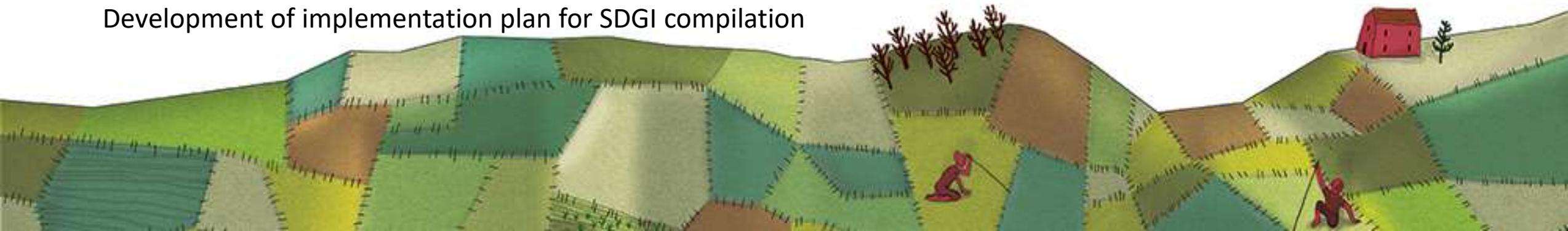
5. Defining Data Production Plan:

Sources of Data, Practicality of big data/open data to fulfill the SDGs data requirement

for indicators in Tier II and III

Data disaggregation for SDGI

Development of implementation plan for SDGI compilation



**Thank you for your  
attention**

