Expert meeting on Statistics on Gender and Environment

2- 4 September 2019
Bangkok, Thailand
Overview

1. Integrating Gender into the national legal and policy framework
2. Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs
3. Land tenure and Customary tenure system
4. Challenges
Integrating Gender into the national legal and policy framework

✓ Lao Women’s Union Law 2013
✓ Statistics Law
✓ Strategy for Development of National Statistic System 2016-2025 and Vision to 2030
✓ Strategy 10 years 2016-2025 and 5 year plans for Natural Resources and Environment, Vision to 2030
✓ 5 year National Socio-Economic Development Plan
✓ Production and Action Plans for SDG Indicators
Monitoring framework

- Monitoring and Evaluation Framework (Monitor 5 year National Socio-Economic Development Plan)
- SDGs annual report
Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs

- Main sources of statistics (censuses, surveys, administrative data)
  1. Lao Statistics Bureau conduct sex-disaggregated data in Gender statistics as below:
     - Agriculture Census (every 10 year)
     - Population and Housing Census (every 10 year)
     - Economic Census
     - Lao Expenditure and Consumption Survey
     - Labor Force Survey
     - Local administrative Statistics (Annual)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lao Social Indicators Survey (LSIS) III, 2022</th>
<th>Labor Force Survey III, 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LSIS II 2017, Provided 30 indicators to first VNR
LFS II 2017, Provided 15 indicators to first VNR
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|

**Lao Expenditure and Consumption Survey (LECS) VI**

**Lao Agriculture Census (LAC) III, 2019**

**Economic Census, III 2018**
SDG Indicators of Lao PDR

- Responsible ministry for SDGs and SDG indicators

**Note:** The assignment of SDGi owners to different line ministries and equivalent is based on consultation with the line ministries and equivalent with their sectoral strategies and action plans.
SDG Indicators of Lao PDR

Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs

SDGi mainstreamed into 8th NSEDP

70 SDG indicators are linked in to the 8th NSEDP M&E Framework
SDG Indicators of Lao PDR

Sex-disaggregated data & the SDGs continued

75 SDG indicators are mainstreamed into the respective sectoral strategies/plans

This is still at the preliminary analysis. More consultation with line ministries and equivalent is needed.
Land tenure system

- Statutory systems (legally legitimize rights to land)
- Customary systems (socially legitimized rights to land)

(above should address: ownership; right to sell; inheritance laws and practices; right to bequeath; cultural attitudes. Please add additional slide if needed)
Customary tenure systems

- Are there people (local communities, indigenous peoples, ethnic minorities, etc) accessing land and natural resources through customary tenure systems in your country?

- Are customary tenure systems (or indigenous peoples land rights) recognized by formal legislation (e.g. constitution, land law, etc)?
Responsible Ministry Natural Resources and Environment for SDGs Implementation

Goal 1: No Poverty: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

Goal 13: Climate Action: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

- Includes 5 Goals, 19 Targets and 28 Indicators
Challenges for the realization of Gender

- In the part of NSO we tries to technical support for line ministries to understand how to intergrade gender into their National plan
- How to work closely and cooperate to each other
- How to identify data element for the indicators under their responsibilities
- Defining Data Production Plan:
  - Sources of Data, Practicality of big data/open data to fulfill the SDGs data requirement
  - Data disaggregation for SDGI
  - Development of implementation plan for SDGI compilation
Activities 2019-2021

1. Reviewing, Assessment and Matching indicators: Global-Regional (ASEAN)-Local (National) (e.g., to add newly developed indicators we are ready to monitor)
2. Cross checking Metadata applied and Preparation of Metadata
4. Constructing the time series and Database Management for regularly and systematic monitoring and ensure of availability (consider the Tier 1)
   Dataset with the target value SDGIs
5. Defining Data Production Plan:
   Sources of Data, Practicality of big data/open data to fulfill the SDGs data requirement for indicators in Tier II and III
   Data disaggregation for SDGI
   Development of implementation plan for SDGI compilation
Thank you for your attention